Whether you've filed your 2022 tax return or soon will, one thing you don't want to experience is a surprise. Many older people are caught off guard when they find that their Social Security benefits may be taxable.

## How much might you have to pay?

That depends on your other income. If you're taxed, between 50% and 85% of your payments will be hit with federal income tax. (There could also be state tax.) This doesn't mean you'll pay 50% to 85% of your benefits back to the government. It means you may have to include 50% to 85% of them in your income subject to regular tax rates.

## Calculate Provisional Income

To determine how much of your benefits are taxed, you must calculate your "provisional income." Doing so involves adding certain amounts (for example, tax-exempt interest from municipal bonds) to the adjusted gross income on your tax return.

If you file jointly, you'll need to add your spouse's income, and then further add half of the Social Security benefits that you and your spouse received during the year. The result is your joint provisional income.

If you file a joint tax return and your provisional income, plus half your benefits, isn't above \$32,000 (\$25,000 for single taxpayers), none of your Social Security benefits are taxed. If your provisional income is between \$32,001 and \$44,000, and you file jointly, you must report up to 50% of your Social Security benefits as income. If your provisional income is more than \$44,000, and you file jointly, you need to report up to 85% of your Social Security benefits as income on Form 1040.

For single taxpayers, if your provisional income is between \$25,001 and \$34,000, you must report up to 50% of your Social Security benefits as income. And if your provisional income is more than \$34,000, the general rule is that you need to report up to 85% of your Social Security benefits as income.

## Sidestep a Surprise

If you aren't paying tax on your Social Security benefits now because your income is below the floor, or you're paying tax on only 50% of those benefits, an unplanned increase in your income can have a significant tax cost. In addition to paying tax on the additional income, you may also have to pay tax on (or on more of) your Social Security benefits and you may get pushed into a higher tax bracket.

Contact us for help in accurately calculating your provisional income. We can also assist you with other aspects of tax planning.